Blackest Time in History

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Of The Bulletin Staff

beginning of the blackest Nov. 22 in the nation's history.

A light drizzle was tapping at A light drizzle was tapping at the window panes of the small an undesirable discharge, who bedroom when Lee Harvey Oswent to Russia as a defector in bedroom when Lee Harvey Os-wald was aroused by the 6:40 A. M. (Central Standard Time) alarm.

Worth, President Kennedy and high ting an early start in preparation for the last day of a twoday political tour of Texas to heal wounds of a squabbling state Democratic Party and make the state safe for his reelection next year.

Oswald pulled himself out of bed fast as was his custom when he was permitted to spend the night with his wife and two babies at the home of Ruth Paine in suburban Irving.

His Russian wife, the former Marina Nicholaevna Proosakova, was a welcome guest of Mrs. Paine, a tall, 31-year-old Quaker, who wants "to improve international relations and learn to speak better Russian."

House 'Too Small'

Oswald's fixed ideas and his militancy did not make him afways a welcomed guest at the

And, as Mrs. Paine explained, "the house is just too small for all of us."

Marina stirred in the bed as Oswald pulled on his gray work It was time to breastfeed their new baby, Rachel, 33 days old.

Their older daughter, June Lee, 22 months, slept in the nearby crib.

Marina pulled the baby to her breast.

She is a slight woman with a skin pallor that shows she has little contact with the sun and outdoors. The pallor makes her blue eyes appear even lighter than they are.

Little English Spoken

She speaks little English beher husband wouldn't cause permit it.

He insisted they converse only in Russian, which he learned during the three years to spent in Moscow and working as a

Dallas, Nov. 30—It was the factory and in Minsk, where he met Marina, a hospital pharma-

> September, 1959, was a man who insisted on his own way.

His Russian, for a man who Just 27 miles away in Fort didn't get beyond 23 days of Worth, President Kennedy and high school education, was his wife, Jacqueline, were get- good. He had a large vocabu-ling an early start in prepara- lary although his grammar was not very bookish.

Oswald left Marina in the bedroom with the baby.

He went to the kitchen of the small, five-room home, moving quietly so he wouldn't disturb Mrs. Paine and her two children, Christopher, four, and Lynn, three, asleep in another

Prepares Breakfast

In the kitchen he put a pot of tater on the gas stove for his sual morning cup of instant offee before he went three ouses down the street to catch ride to his temporary job as a \$1.25-an-hour shipping clerk at the Texas School Book Depository 11.2 miles east of Irving in downtown Dallas.

Before leaving the Paine house, Oswald went into a small garage attached to the low gray frame dwelling. The garage was crammed with some of his family's household goods recently sent from New Orleans after he

Iost his second job in a year. He had moved his family to New Orleans last May after losing a \$1.25-an-hour job with a Dallas photoengraving firm. He got a similar job in New Orleans, but lost it in August.

Views Caused Trouble

As a professed Marxist, he al so had gotten into difficulty in New Orleans while passing out literature for the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.

But that was all behind now. He was back in Dallas and he and Marina were planning to take their fourth apartment since returning to the United States from Russia on June 13, 1962, with their baby on a trip paid for by the State Depart-ment, It cost \$435.71. In the garage, a heavy green "They fought because I had plaid blanket was rolled and called his rooming house on tied with string like a camping Monday (Nov. 18) when June

It was among the items he had sent to the house from New Orleans.

Michael R. Paine, husband of Mrs. Paine, said he had seen the roll and had moved it several times in the garage.

The Paines are separated, but Paine visits the family frequently.

Bolt-Action Rifle

Oswald picked the blanket oll off the floor and put it on a white leather chair

He was busy with the bundle or perhaps ten minutes, police aid. From it, they added, he ook the bolt-action rifle which as used to kill the President.

Police said he transferred the fle from the roll to a brown rifle from paper bag.

Police were to base their reconstruction of these few minutes on Marina's assertion that Oswald had a rifle similar to the one used to kill the President and that she had seen it wrapped in the blanket.

Also, police said, they found in "imprint" of a rifle still left in the blanket when they searched the house after Osvald's arrest.

Suspicious Bundle

Paine said yesterday that the oll was a bit heavy for a campg blanket.

Although he said he had oved it around the concrete oor of the garage several times a had "never looked inside." "It wasn't my business," he

said Mrs. Paine said she didn'

know what was in the roll, but that "Marina told me she once poked her hand down there and felt the butt of a rifle."

Mariana was still feeding the baby when Oswald went into the garage. She stayed in the bed-

It had been unusual for her husband to visit on Thursday 9 P. evening, but both she and Mrs. Paine viewed it as a truce,

Quarreled With Wife

Oswald had quarreled with She said, "That's about the wife on Tucaday (Nov. 19), time Marina and I went to bed." when Paine explained the credity of the control of the con Oswald had quarreled with quarrel:

tied with string like a camping Monday (Nov. 18) when June roll. her 'Pa-Pa.'

Oswald had an \$8-a-week room in the house of Mrs. Gladys Johnson in the Oak Cliff section of Dallas, just 2.2 miles from his work at the book warehouse.

He registered there Oct. 14 as O. H. Lee. "We had no idea he had used another name," Mrs. Paine said.

"He had given us the telephone number to call him when the baby was born, but we didn't have to do that because he was here on Oct. 20 when we took Marina to Parkland Memorial Hospital.

"He was furious over the telephone and said Marina had no right to call him there. She be-

came very upset.
"They quarreled frequently, but no more I would say than most young married people who are having financial problems.

Plays With Children

"Well, when I came home Thursday evening about 6 P. M. from shopping, Lee was in the yard playing with the children. He seemed to like playing with the children.

"We said nothing about his being there, even though it was not the weekend. Marina and I

hought he came to make up for

he quarrel.
"He seemed happy and said

very little as usual,
"We ate dinner and then
Marina and I went into the living room to talk, Lee disappeared somewhere in the house

for awhile.
"Later I realized he had been in the garage because he left the light on. I was in the garage later painting some children's blocks

"The blanket roll was there

then on the cement floor."
Mrs. Paine said Oswald went to bed earlier than usual that night, sometime between 8 and 9 P. M.

"He usually watched television with us until 10 or 11 P. M. on the nights before he went back to work.

Oswald had spent three week- Hopes for Clearing ends with them since returning from New Orleans the first week in October. He had never come out to the house on a weekday before.

"We arranged this because the house is too small and we didn't want him to wear out his smear it.

Off to Work

At about 7.20 A. M., Oswald would clear. emerged from the Paine house with the bundle under his arm. walked three doors through the rain to the home of a new friend, Wesley Frazier, 19, another \$1.25-an-hour worker at the school book depository.

There was a light wind driv-ing thin clouds. The Weather Bureau had predicted clearing skies.

Oswald had driven back and forth to the school book depository several times with Frazier in the latter's 1954 black Chevrolet sedan.

It was indirectly through Fra-zier that Oswald had gotten his job at the depository Oct. 16.

Mrs. Paine, hearing that Frazier had a job there, had called Roy S. Truly, 56, superintendent of the depository, and said Oswald's wife was expecting a baby and that Oswald seemed "desperate" for a job.

He was hired by Truly just four days before the baby came.

Friend's Story

Frazier, a tall, thin youth with pale face and black hair, said he was sitting at his kitchen table when Oswald tapped

on the window,
As they drove off, Frazier said, he glanced to the back seat where he saw a paper-wrapped bundle."

wrapped bundle."

"He said, yes, it was his—
and he muttered something about curtain rods," said Frabright covers—splashes of color

zier. As a matter of fact, said Frazier, Oswald had told him the shots were fired is hidden from the day before that he would be the elevator and the wooden bringing some rods to exchange stairwell at the far corner of the world he wanted to the the stairwell at the far corner of the world he wanted to the world he was to the world he wanted to the world he was to the world he wanted to the world he was to the world he world he was to the world he was to the world he was to the world

as a rifle ought to be," said Fra-beams. zier. "It seemed to me it should

en it apart, to put it together brick, in the warehouse."

iturn passenger if he had had Frazier said he asked his tacgood time playing with his was warm, 63 degrees; the babies the night before.

The conversation languished for a while, said Frazier, and he said he tried to revive it by talking about the fact that the rain wasn't coming down hard enough to wash the dirt off the windshield-just enough

Frazier said Oswald seemed to pick up at talk of the weather and expressed hope that it

He was, said Frazier, a "peculiar-acting fellow; never had much to say, except what per-

tained to his work; he didn't mingle; he didn't joke." Frazier doesn't remember

what Oswald did with the paper-wrapped bundle.

"I just lost track of it," he aid, "although I guess he took t out of the car because I didn't see it again."

Those who remember seeing Oswald - Truly, Frazier and Charles Givens, another Truly's 64 employes—for the balance of the morning remember him as diligent and quiet as usual.

He was, said Truly, a "good worker."

They broke for lunch at about noon, with Oswald, then on the sixth floor, telling Givens that he wasn't ready to eat. "Take it (the elevator down) and send it back up for me," Givens quoted him as saying.

Oswald Left Alone

Givens and five other employes who had been repairing the flooring on the sixth floor disappeared.

Oswald was alone.

The sixth floor of the deposi-

in the gloom.

The window from which the them for other rods he wanted the building by cartons of books for his room at Mrs. Johnson's. piled to the ceiling supported by "It didn't look to me as long huge, two-foot-thick sawed

Cobwebs festoon the frame of have been longer.

"If it was a rifle, he had tak-whitewash flakes from red

The window is so grimed with

"He allowed as he had," said skies had cleared. And below, hundreds of workers were cram-ming their lunch into a half hour to leave time to watch the President go by.

It was shortly before 12.30 Moving Target P. M. There was a 15-mile-perhour wind,

Crucial Moment

At this moment, police say, Oswald becomes more than a sometimes jobless laborer with a head stuffed with a mishmash of Marxist ideology.

He becomes the sniper who killed the President and wounded Texas Governor John B. Con-

nally.

The window is at the southeast corner of the building.

And radiating from this corner-as two spokes from the hub of a wheel-were the two streets over which the President was to travel within sight of the sniper in the next few minutes

He was to approach the building on one street-Houston-and then, at the corner, just below the sniper six stories above him, he was to turn and take the other highway away from the building for an appearance at the Dallas Trade Mart, just five minutes away.

Between the two roadsthe spokes radiating from the corner of the building-was a park, where a long, narrow pond filled with empty cigaret packs and match folders gleamed in the sun.

4 Bullets in Rifle

The rifle was a 6.5 MM, containing four cartridges identified by police as "factory-loaded ammunition"—not hand-loaded. The bullets were slender, approximately .25 caliber, smaller, of course than a .32, but their

velocity was high.

Fitted to the rifle was a telescopic sight of Japanese manu-

The immediate question occurring to the rifleman was, of course, whether to fire during the approach of the President's big, blue limousine, wait until it went into the long, slow turn the highway to the Trade Mart, at the corner or wait until the To the layman's eye, a tele-

the other street.

Firing on the approach to the big, pink brick building presented an instant danger.

It would be immediately aparent that a bullet full in the Bresident's face could only come from straight ahead. And straight ahead, And raight ahead there was no place to look but at the school pok depository. Police surmise nat Secret Service agents nat ould have located him quickly and shot him out of the window.

On the turn then, as the big limousine with its presidential seals glistening inside the back wheeled from Houston doors, into the other highway.

The gunman almost would have had to lean out the window

—so steep was the angle of fire.
Also, the automobile at that moment would have been moving across his line of sight, which meant that he would have had to keep his rifle barrel mov ing in a slow are to keep the cross hairs on target.

It was to be within this angle of fire-encompassed by these two streets-that the were to be delivered. And they
were to be delivered going away.

This provided maximum safe ty for the gunman since a following shot would be-as in-deed it was-hard to trace immediately.

Also, it would be easier to keep on target since the limousine would be leaving in a fairly straight line, necessitating smaller corrections of aim.

There were to be witnesses later to say they had seen Oswald's T-shirted figure through the window.

Spectators were to wonder about him; some were to look at each other in mild concern and surmise. But ho one challenged him. It seemed that a blind combination of circumstances was conspiring against the Presi-

About to Lose Job

Truly said he wouldn't have hired Oswald in the first place if some of his regular work force hadn't been diverted to repair-

hadn't been diverted to a spaning the sixth floor flooring.

As it was, Truly said he was about to lay him off.

"He had only a few days to the lay him of the had only a few days to the lay him of the lay had been seen to be a lay of a lay."

go; he'd have been out of a job.

The shouting and tumult of the President's approach was getting louder. And at 12.30 P. M., the limousine, with its presidential flags on the fen-ders, turned from Houston into

scopic sight of the type used by automobile was departing down the rifleman does not seem to bring the target much nearer. But it seems to etch it against the background with greater clarity.

And the cross hairs are so cobweb fine that they can be centered on a target without hiding it as an open sight might

At 12.31, the presidential limousine had almost reached highway directional sign— "Fort Worth Turnpike—Keep Right"-in white and green.

Standing just across the highway from this sign was Charles F. Brehm, 38, with his five-yearold son, Joseph.

was a World War II rilleman in Head Still Visible the 5th Ranger Battalion. was wounded at Brest in the invasion of France. He has seen other men hit, too.

First Shot Heard

As the President passed him about 20 feet away, Brehm said, he heard the first shot.

It was 12.32 P. M. "He (the B. Connally.

President) stiffened," s a i d Brehm said he heard a second Brehm. "He had been sitting shot, but didn't know where it forward on the seat-not sitg deep back. "I was watching the Presi-"He seemed to straighten out dent," he said. ting deep back.

as if digging his heels into the

This was not the bullet which thigh. caused the massive head wound, said Brehm.

So this first bullet was the road. one which entered the President's body at the neckline and, perhaps splintering, left a still visible above the seat; still wound in his neck just below there was no sudden burst of the Adam's apple near the knot speed. of his necktie, and coursed down into his chest.

Both Brehm and Truly, who of the President's head with an was standing in front of the depository, thought that at this ! moment the limousine swerved —or "jerked" as Brehm put it to the left as if about to speed Still another fraction of an inch

Car Slows

Then, however, Brehm said it seemed to lose momentum— skull perhaps die diam "almost as if the driver had clark, a neurosurgeon. taken his foot off the gas.'

"Maybe I was just imagining Frenzied Activity said Brehm. "Maybe I thought it was swerving be-cause I just wanted that thing (the limousine) to leap out of

There seemed to be no immediate awareness of what happened.

Brehm said the President's smile was "sagging." He had a pain-stricken look on his face," he said.

The President-was still sitting straight, said Brehm. It wasn't until the President was hit again that he slumped against his wife, and she took his head in her arms.

"He seemed to be conscious that something terrible had hap-pened to him," said Brehm, "It didn't look like it knocked him

Two facts of hideous portent, emerge from the stories told by Brehm and others.

The President's head was still visible above the leatherupholstered seat of the limousine to the eve on the other side of the telescopic sight.

Also, the car was still moving at 15 to 18 miles an hour. The rifleman, however, shift-

ed his aim to Texas Gov. John

went.

This shot hit Connally in the oor of the car." back just under the right shoul-The President's hand came up der blade. It splintered the fifth slowly to his neck, said Brehm. body and emerged from his side "He gave a cringe of pain," he to break his right wrist lying said.

Brehm said he knew by the sound of the shots that they had "I saw what the next bullet crossed his line of vision rather to hit him did to his head," he than coming over his shoulder or from the other side of the

> And still - after the second shot-the President's head was

The effect of the third bullet was murderous. It hit the back

Another fraction of an inch -and the bullet might just have creased the President's head. and it might have missed him altogether.

As it was, it hit at a shallov angle, ripping off a piece of skull "perhaps the diameter of a teacup," said Dr. William Kemp

With the final shot, the hideous tableau resolved into (the limousine) to leap out of the control of the c

> been fired in ten, maybe 15 seconds.

Brehm ran a few feet with his son, then threw himself on top of him. He said he was questioned

ter along with two other specators who said they had seen he sniper at the window a hort time before.

"They said he was just looking out the window just like everybody else; and they said they told each other that it was a hell of a thing for a man to be alone like that at a window when the President was coming by. And then when the shooting started they saw the "Both of them felt real bail)

these two men gave of the sniper was so detailed and so accurate that he recognized Oswald immediately as the man they were talking about when he saw Oswald on TV late that night.

Fight for Life

The dying President was carried into Trauma One-a graytiled emergency room about ten feet by 15-and laid on a rubber-tired cart.

It was 1.38 P. M.

Mrs. Kennedy watched from the doorway as nurses and doctors scissored away his coat, shirt and undershirt and struggled to reverse what Dr. Clark called the "irreversible process of death."

A massive blood transfusion was commenced; intravenous fluids were administered.

To help sustain respiration, Dr. Malcolm Perry, surgeon, widened the hole in the Presi-dent's neck and inserted a metal breathing tube in his hroat.

It seemed that the bullet erhaps a fragment—which hit he President in the neck had pursed down into his chest, triking his lung.

Air from this collapsing lung was escaping into the chest cavity and rising to the hole in his neck as a red froth.

A tube was inserted on either side of his chest between the the heart massage, ribs to draw off this air.

One Bullet Lost

Dr. Clark said he thought the billet which hit the back of the resident's head had exited, aving—if anything, only minite fragments of lead adhering the bone.

And doctors thought the other

bullet was still in the President -perhaps his chest, when he was taken back to Washington.

[Dallas District Attorney Henry Wade said earlier this week that a bullet removed from the President, presumably at Bethesda N a v a l Hospital, matched the gun abandoned by the sniper as he fled the sixth floor of the depository]

Dr. Clark said "a consider-able portion" of brain tissue was gone when the President arrived and that "he never knew what hit him."

At the President's about it; they figured they should have done something when they first saw him."

Brehm said the description palm on the President's chest, palm on the President's chest, his other hand on top of that, then pushing rhythmically 60 to 70 times a minute, "close to normal heart rate."

Pulse Stops

Dr. M. T. Jenkins, anesthesi-ologist, said he could feel a

But it stopped after "only three or four beats," indicating that not only had the President's heart failed but that it had noth-

ing to pump.
"Under pressure of heart
message," said Dr. Clark, "some kind of pulse is felt as long as there is blood to pump; for the pressure literally forces the blood from the heart into the arteries with a consequent pulse."

The President's loss of blood was "massive," he said. "Half of the more than five quarts a man the size of the President would have had been exhaust-

ed" in Trauma One alone, And, continued Dr. Clark, he had bled profusely before ar-

Veins Nearly Emply

The President's veins were almost empty, he said.

Since it was awkward for Dr. Clark to reach through the tangle of tubes in the Presi-dent's neck and chest, a steel stool was brought and Dr. Perry stood on it to continue

A cardiotachioscope was brought to determine if any electrical impulses still were reaching his heart from the damaged brain.

This is a tube-shaped instrument, 18 inches long, three inches wide. Protruding from one end are three wires. Set in the other is a glass screen.

A bead of yellow light travels

across the glass to register impulses— or the lack of them: a wavy line for the former, a straight line for the latter.

The wires were inserted in the President's arms and one

The line-with its faint yellow afterglow-was straight. communication between brain and heart had ceased.

Wife Told of Death

Since the brain damage had

been the apparent cause of death, it was up to Dr. Clark to say so. And he said: "I guess this is it."

He went to where Mrs. Kennedy was standing in the doorway and told her the President was dead.

"I'm all right," she said. understand; may I go to him." Nurses and doctors com-

menced plucking out the tubes and wires in his body.

It was 1 P. M. phoned Oneal, Inc., funeral distractories of these bullets—or rectors, and told the proprietor, even how many bullets were V. B. Oneal, to bring a casket, fired, or how many bullets the "the best" he had, and they ad President has in him—all vital monished him not "under any to the man we are going to try circumstances" to divulge the for this?"

Paper Shroud

Oneal said that by the time he arrived, the President's head had been wound around and around with gauze until his eyes, nose, mouth and chin— his whole face—were covered. He had been clad in "an expendable paper shroud," said Oneal.

Oneal and two of his attendants rolled the casket into Trauma One, where Mrs. Kennedy was standing at her husband's head.

Oneal waited there perhaps 20 minutes, he said, after the agents told him they would come back to tell him when to put the President in the casket.

Mrs. Kennedy took a plain gold band from her finger, he said, and slipped it on the President's finger.

Remarking that the ring was dangling from the tip of the President's finger and might get "lost off," Oneal asked if he might push it farther.
"Yes, please," she said. Oneal

Dispute Over Body

Outside Trauma One. the question of releasing the President's body to the Secret Serve he ought to release the body, ice agents was being discussed. And this, Ward did with a with some heat. "wave of the hand."

Dr. Earl Forrest Rose, 37, allas County medical miner and a graduate of the Jniversity of Nebraska Medical. School, said that if "normal procedure under the law" was to be followed the body would autopsied here, then reeased.

He said that in his opinion the body should not be removed without the autopsy which would "protect not only the President but whoever was charged with his assassination."

However, Dr. Rose-from all ccounts, including his ownas not adamant on this point.

Hut he was insistent that if the hody was to be released without autopsy, it must be service agents in two brown tone by a justice of the peace executing a "Record of Death" form which contains the phrase, oody released by . . ."

It was after this phrase, said Dr. Rose, that a justice of the peace's name should go.

"The law is the law," he said.

Secret Service agents teles who knows anything about the

Casket Moved

Meanwhile, the agents ordered Oneal to place the President's body in the bronze, brown velvet-lined casket.

This, Oneal and his two attendants did, lining the casket first with a rubber sheet and further shrouding the President's head in several plastic bags—all against the possibility of further bleeding.

As Secret Service agents gave the order to bring the casket out from Trauma One, Dr. Rose ntervened.

"It was embarrassing," said Dr. Rose, "and I knew my posi-tion was virtually untenable, out I was going to insist on the aw.

Again, he cited his claim that the body had not been released.
"It held up the entourage for a few minutes," he said.

The casket was wheeled back

nto Trauma One. It was at this juncture that Justice of the Peace Theran Ward said he called several persons—including Dallas County Sheriff Bill Decker and District Attorney Henry Ward-to ask their advice.

He came away from the phone, he said, convinced that

No Records Left

Dr. Rose said, however, that he still protested the "illegal-ity," arguing that the release was not being properly done,"

Again the Secret Service agents directed Oneal to bring the casket out.

He did so, Mrs. Kennedy still y the President's head. Rose said he called after

hem:
"You can't take that body;

hasn't been released."
At that moment, he said, the casket was disappearing into the hearse.

paper bags; his personal effects a wallet and a couple of let-ters from his coat—were put in manila envelope and taken away, too.

Also taken was the hospital record on John Fitzgerald Ken-nedy, which had grown to alost ten pages in a half hour. "They cleaned us out," said hospital spokesman.

"We don't have a scrap of paper at the hospital about the President," said Dr. Rose. "It's just as if he had never been."

Back at the scene, the sniper shots had sent the crowd surging back toward the book ware-

Rush to Building

Patrolman M, E. Baker rushed for the main door of the build-

ing.
"Where's the stairway?" lie

where's the stanway? he shouted at Truly.
"Come on with me," Truly said, running across the first floor toward the rear of the building.

Truly thought the shots had come from across the park near the railroad yards. To him they sounded like "a toy cannon being fired."

He had been standing almost directly under the sniper's window

Truly and the officer raced up the steps.

The patrolman went into a second-floor hallway where President," there is an 18-by-20 foot lunch- with a laugh. room for employes. It has A man in the stalled traffic chairs, tables and vending ma- ahead of the bus, which moved chines.

here," the patrolman-shouted at: indeed been shot,
Oswald, thrusting his gun- "I just heard it on my car toward him.

Oswald Startled

Oswald appeared startled by fer. the gun.

of the ofifcer, turned around to follow him into the lunchroom.

"Is this man an employe here?" Baker asked, "Yes he is," Truly said.

the steps to the seventh and top floor

The rifle-a Carcano with Mauser-type bolt action mech-anism and a clip magazine was found hidden between cartons of books near a crudely lettered sign in red and white reading: "Stairway."

It was down the stairway the sulper could have run to the second floor encounter with the policeman.

Three spent cartridge casings were found near the window. A single cartridge was still in the chamber of the rifle. The safety was off. It would have taken only the press of a sniper's finger on the trigger to fire it.

There has been speculation that the gunner was getting ready to fire a fourth time when the limousine finally sped away.

Truly left the officer to his hurried searching and returned to the first floor where officers were trying to assemble the building's employes for a quick head count.

As Truly was returning to the first floor, Oswald was seen going out the back door which ads to Pacific av.

Deputy Sheriff Roger D. Craig aw him leave. He headed west on Pacific av.

Boards Bus

Six blocks away, Oswald knocked on the door of a Dallas . transportation bus driven by C. J. McWatters. The bus was headed west toward the book warehouse.

"This isn't a regular stop." McWatters said, "but I'll let you on.

Oswald said nothing. People in the bus were shouting that something had happened to the President.

into a "I'll bet someone's shot the where President," a teen-ager said

only one block after Oswald got Oswald was standing near a, on, came back to inform Mc-Coke machine. "Do you work Watters that the President had Watters that the President had

radio," the man said.

Oswald got up from his seat and asked the driver for a trans-

e gun. McWatters handed him a vel-Truly, who was racing ahead low transfer ticket and let Oswald off in the middle of the

He Takes Taxi

Oswald next showed up two They continued their race up blocks to the south at the taxi stand at the Greyhound bus, terminal on Lamar and Jackson one he had worn to work,

"Can I have your cab?" Oswald asked the driver of a cab parked first in line. "Sure can," sa

said William Whaley.

Oswald got in the front seat

with Whaley.
"Take me to the 500 block of Beckley st., Oswald said.

Whaley tried some conversa-

tion, saying:
"I wonder what the hell is going on out there, Something serious must have happened. What was it?"

Oswald said nothing. He did

not even look at Whaley.
"This is one guy who ain't going to talk to no one," Whaley thought to himself.

Whaley drove hurriedly the 2.5 miles from the bus station to the 500 block of Beckley st. They went right past Oswald's roming house at 1026 Beckley.

Leaves Cab

"Stop here," Oswald signaled Whaley to the curb.

He gave the driver a dollar bill and left. The fare was 95 cents.

Whaley rushed back to the shooting scene to learn what had happened. He didn't notice which way Oswald went.

It was 12.45. Police had already discovered Oswald missing from the head count back at the book warehouse, There were several other employes still missing, but Osward was the only one een leaving the building after the shooting.

The description was broad-

"This man is wanted for questioning in connection with the shooting of President Kennedy. He is about five feet six inches tall. He welgas about 150160 pounds. Thin light brown hair. About 24 to 30 years old . . . "

Patrolman Alerted

Patrolman J. D. Tippit, 38, was cruising alone in car No. 10 when he heard the call. He began a search around the Oak Cliff neighborhood.

Oswald made it back to his rooming house by 12,50 P. M.

He went directly to his sixby-12-foot bedroom just off the him. dining room in the small stone

Mrs. Earlene Roberts, house ar, inner keeper for the owner, Mrs. hest and abtomen.

Johnson said: "You sure are in He mumbled something to Mrs. Markham, but she could-make and abtomen."

A hurry."

He said nothing as he came n't understand.
Out of the room wearing a tan jacket. He had discarded a dark through a nearby alley and dis-

Oawald waited at a bus stor for a few seconds, then started walking west on Beckley,

It had taken him about two minutes to exchange jackets. The time was 12.52 P. M.

Waitress' Story

Mrs. Helen Markham, 47, a waitress, was getting ready for work in her apartment at 328 E, 9th st. She was going to catch a 1.15 P. M; bus three blocks away.

She left the apartment at 1.05 P. M. and started walking south on Patton st.

At the intersction of 10th st. she noticed a police car stopped by the curb.

W. W. Scoggins, a cab driver, sat across the street in his taxi observing the police car. He had seen the car pull up

to the curb and saw the patrolman lean over to shout some-thing out the right front winto a young man walking northwest on 10th st.

When Mrs. Markman came on the scene, the young man was leaning on the car door with both arms crossed over the window sill.

She watched as the patrolman talked with the young man for several seconds.

Then the man stepped backward three slow steps as though he were waiting for the patrolman to do something to

Policeman Slain

Patrolman Tippit, who was looking for a man that answered the description of the President's assassin, got slowly out of the right side door.

Mrs. Markham watched him as he walked toward the front

of the car.

As, he turned around the front, the man whipped a gun from either a jacket pocket and fired three shots quickly.

The young man ran, with the evolver in hand, passed Mrs.

Markham.

He was running in a different direction than he had been headed when Tippet stopped

Tippit slumped slowly to the loadway in front of his police

appear, Later they identified Oswald as the man,

The Tippit shooting occurred nine-tenths of a mile from Oswald's rooming house. It was 1.13 P. M.

Man Seen Running

A few minutes later, a young man ran frantically by the serv-ice station of C. E. Pope at the beginning of a long line of stores on busy Jefferson st. It was eight-tenths of a mile from the shooting.

John Brewer, manager of the Austin shoe store in the 200 block of Jefferson st. saw the

man run by. He ran out to look, The man appeared to duck into the Texas Theater a few doors away at 231 W. Jefferson st.

He went back in his store for

about five minutes.

The young man did duck into the old, tattered Texas Theater. He walked right by Miss Julie Postal, the ticket seller. She paid little attention to

Her transistor radio was bringing her the news of President Kennedy's assassination. She was distraught,

She coudn't even remember if the man bought a ticket.

Theater Alerted

Brewer decided he had better check on the man since so much was happning in Dallas. He had heard about the Tippit slaying on the store radio,
Miss Postal called police at

Brewer's suggestion.

FBI agents, sheriff's deputies and policemen converged on the theater.

The lights went up in the mid-dle of "War Is Hell," being shown as a double feature with "Cry of Battle."

Oswald was among 12 patrons. He was seated toward the back on the center aisle.

"There he is," said one of the theater employes, pointing to Oswald

Patrolman N. M. McDonald went to Oswald. There were three other officers with him.

McDonald turned into Os-wald's row. When he got about a foot away, Oswald jumped up.
"It's all over now," Oswald said.

Slugs Officer

Then he slugged the officer in the face with a fist.

He pulled a revolver from his waistband, McDonald leaped for it and caught hold of the butt But Oswald had firm control of the trigger.

McDouald vanled at the volver as Oswalii putled that is ger. The yanking saved him, The weapon misfired.

Oswald was subdued by Mc-Donald and the other officers as they wrestled over the tattered red velvet seats in dim lights of the theater.

Outside, a crowd attracted by police cars and sirens waited for

the outcome.

Oswald, bruised and bleeding from cuts over the left eye and right forehead was walked through the crowd to a police

"Kill him, kill him," they

shouted

It was 1:40 P. M. the President had been dead 40 minutes.

Doubts Arise

Was it possible that 'police had arrested the man respons-ible for the assassination of a President and the slaying of a police officer all within short span of 45 minutes?

They were almost certain they had the slayer of Tippit. A ballistics test on the .38 caliber revolver taken from him in the theater would prove in a few days they had the revolver used in the officer's death.

They also had at least two witnesses who watched the entire shooting-Mrs. Markham the waitress, and Scoggins, the

cab driver. They positively identified Oswald as the man they saw shoot

Tippit. What about the President? Was there a conspiracy or was it just some act of lunacy that brought President Kennedy down?

Frame-Up Charged

Oswald claimed steadfastly that: "I am being framed." He said he was being depriv-

ed of his civil rights, that Dallas police and the FBI were not permitting him to have counsel, Police could get nothing but

denials from him, But so much evidence had been released that public opinion already against Oswald.

He was charged with both murders, the President's and

Tippit's.
Last Sunday, just 40 hours and 70 minutes after the President was gunned down, Oswald was shot.

. He was being transferred by Dallas detectives from police headquarters to the city jail several blocks away when Ruby, whose name used to be Rubenstein, jumped out of a

then i of priventer and report ers in the basement of the head-Oswald had fired a gun last Fri-Oswald's abdomen and fire point blank. Oswald died at 1.07 P. M. in Parkland Memorial Hospital.

Who Is Ruby?

Who is Jack Ruby? A fellowconspirator?

this angle.

a Dallas nightclub owner. said he was emotionally upset by the President's assassination and wanted to avenge it.

His lawyer claims he "temporarily insane" at

But the 52-year-old Ruby's background is far more complex than that.

He runs the type of business that attracts the underworld. He is reported to have roomed in Dallas with a man who actively worked for the Commu-nist Party.

And one entertainer in a Ruby nightclub claims he had seen Oswald in the Carousel strip tease club operated by Ruby.

In Ruby's Area

And if Oswald was the killer of Tippit, the route he was taking at the time the patrolman stopped him was leading toward Ruby's Oak Cliff apartment.

The slaying occured in the 400 block of W. 10th st. Ruby's apartment is about four blocks

from the spot.

Tippit's slayer reversed his course after shooting the patrol-

These facts are being checked now by the FBI and Dallas po-lice, although the federal investigators have really taken over the case after severe criticism of the way Dallas police handled Oswald.

Oswald's background itself leaves many questions that may never be answered. He cannot confess from his Fort Worth grave.

Before the FBI took over, Dallas police claimed the case against Oswald as the assassin was closed except for attempt-ing to determine if he had any help or was part of a conspiracy.

Weapon Traced

The assassin's weapon found on the sixth floor of the book warehouse was definitely traced to Oswald through a mail order

house in Chicago, they said. They also said laboratory tests prove that Oswald's palm prints were found on the cases of books near the assassin's win-dow. His prints also were found the rifle and on the window

Paraffin tests to determine if a day proved positive, the police

It was learned today that a Dr. Homer Wood, of the Oak Cliff section, has told the FBI and Dallas police that Oswald was the man he saw practicing target shooting a few weeks ago Police today are still checking in Dallas.

Dr. Wood is reported to have

told the FBI that Oswald caused most of the people on the rifle range to stop and look because

he was such a good shot.
The doctor is reported to have identified Oswald from a tele-vision picture of the accused man before he was shot down.

A complete Justice Depart-ment report on these facts is expected to be put before the public next week.

Angry Young Man

There are many things in Oswald's background to point to the possibility of a conspiracy to assassinate the President, but most of the thinking now is that he was a twisted, angry young man.

Paine, the man whose wife befriended Mrs. Oswald last February, had many conversa-tions with Oswald at the home in Irving.

He says he believes Oswald had the kind of mind that could carry out careful plans to assas-

sinate the President,
"He was the kind of young man who believed that Marxism was coming to the United States," Paine said. "No one could shake him when he got an idea about something.

"I can see him shooting the President, believing he was pulling a string to change the course of history.

Paines Lived Here

Paine, 35, is an employe of the engineering department of Bell Helicopter Co, in Dallas. His wife studied Russian at the University of Pennsylvania

when she lived in Philadelphia from 1955 to 1959.

Her husband worked for the Bartol Research Foundation of the Franklin Institute, He attended Harvard University and Swarthmore College, but never got a degree.

He said Oswald was the "kind elsewhere.] of person I would never have as a friend, but we had him to

politics and once he got an local about something, nothing could rina.

"Other than that evening call and the weekend visit, Lee was and the weekend visit was and the weekend visit with the weekend visit was and the weeke illogical about it.

"He was quiet most of the time. I would have to push the conversations. After awhile, stopped because he was so un-reasonable."

Member of ACLU

Paine said he is a member of the American Civil Liberties Union and took Oswald to a meeting not long ago. He said Oswald joined the Dallas ACLU chapter a week before the assassination,

This is interesting in light of Oswald's statements that he was being deprived of his civil liber-

tiel after he was arrested.
Paine also claimed that FBI agents had visited Oswald more than one time after he returned to Dallas from a trip to Mexico City, and

was reported, for instance.

that FBI agents had talked with Oswald two weeks before the assassination,

That trip to Mexico was made after Mrs. Paine went to New

Orleans to pick up Marina and bring her back to have the baby. Paine says he believes Os-wald thumbed a ride to Mexico City, where he tried in vain to get a visa to Russia via Cuba for himself and his family.

Activities Vaque

Mrs. Paine had arrived with Mrs. Oswald in Dallas on Sept. 23 after Oswald, who was out of a job again after four months work in a New Orleans photoengraving shop told her he would go to Houston to get a job.

He finally showed up in Dallas around Oct. I, but did not call his wife at the Paine home until Oct. 5, Mrs. Paine said.

Mrs. Paine, who worked for the East-West Contact Committee of the Young Friends in Philadelphia, said he gave his wife none of the money he earned from the book warehouse job.

[The Young Friends Committee of North America is a Qua-ker youth group whose members range from college age to

about 30. The East-West Contacts Committee has acted as host to young Russians visiting this country and has arranged visits to the Soviet Union and

She also said it is a mystery to her what Oswald did with the house because of Marina.

"He would only talk about politics and once he got an idea evening at 5:30 to talk with Ma-

> not heard from around here," she said. "It is hard to say what he did with his time."

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